

Protecting PQC Algorithms against Physical Attacks



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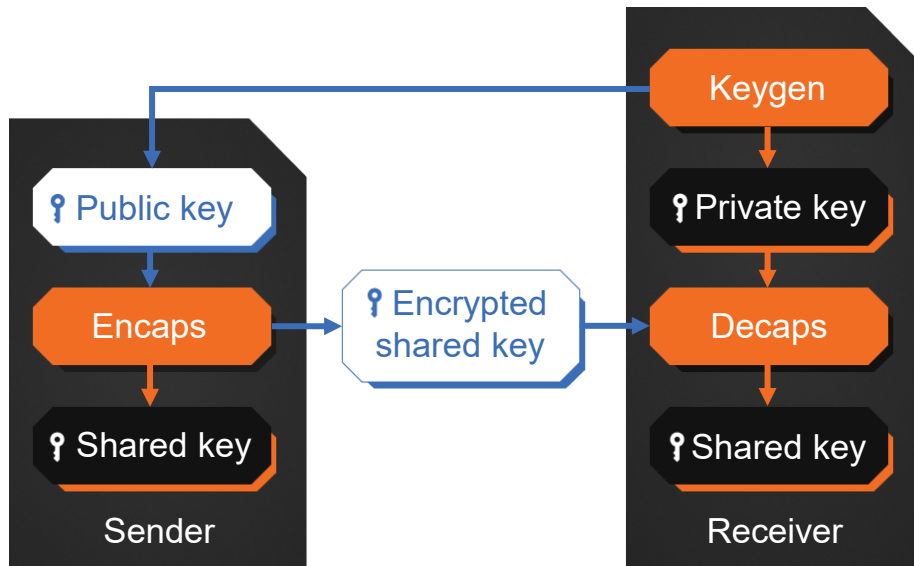
Why PQC Is *Urgent*

- ◆ All today's asymmetric cryptography algorithms are vulnerable to quantum computer attacks, regardless of the key size.
- ◆ “Harvest-now, decrypt-later” is happening.
- ◆ NSA (CNSA 2.0), BSI, and ANSSI mandate migration:
 - ◆ Deprecation in 2030
 - ◆ Disallowance in 2035
- ◆ Long-life systems: vehicles, satellites, industrial IoT, etc. must adopt PQC today.

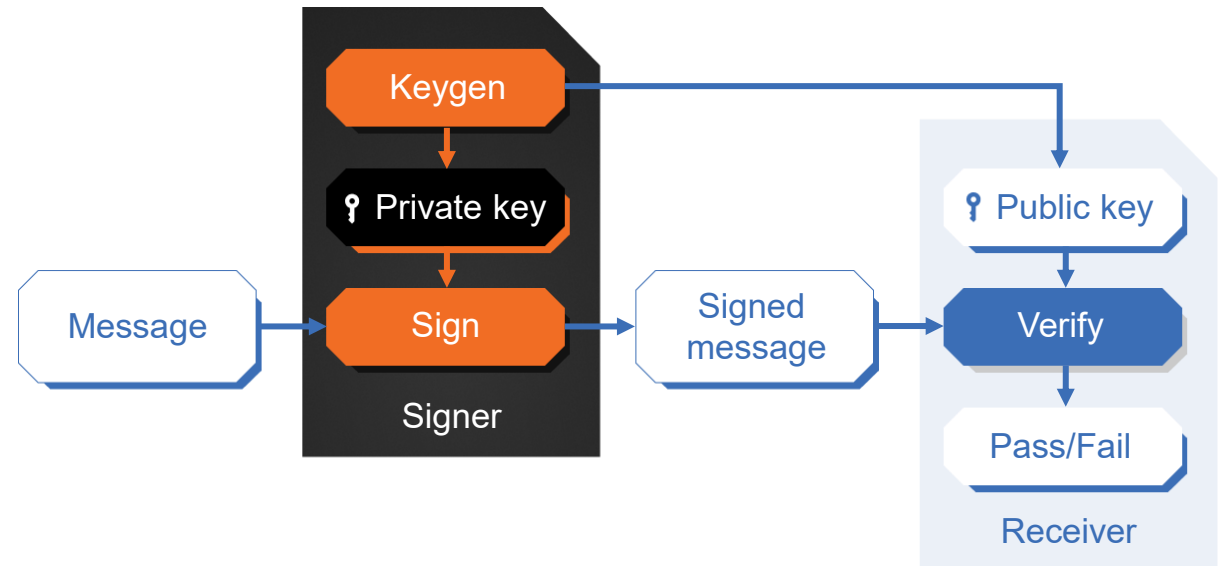


Ideal World – Black Boxes, Perfect Security

(for PQC Algorithms – Including Quantum Adversaries)

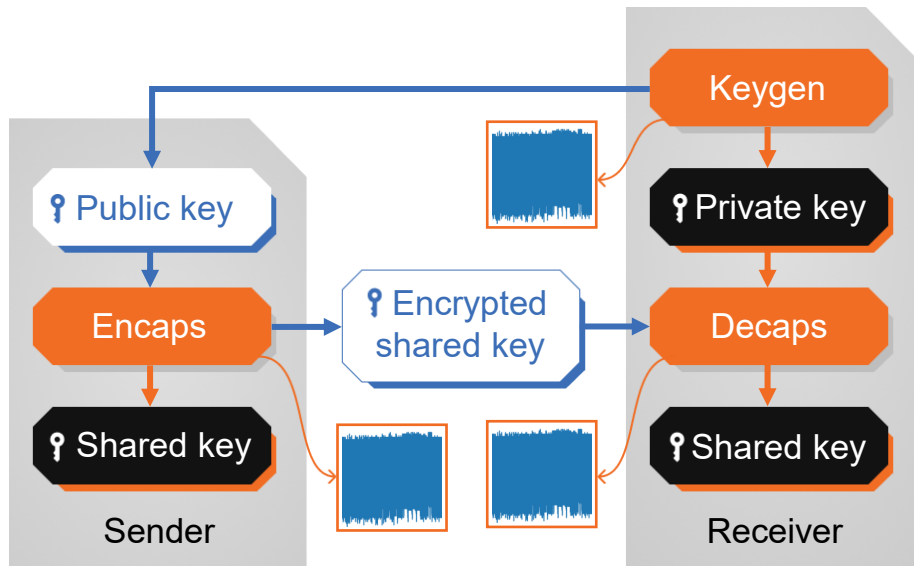


Secure Key Establishment
(e.g., ML-KEM)

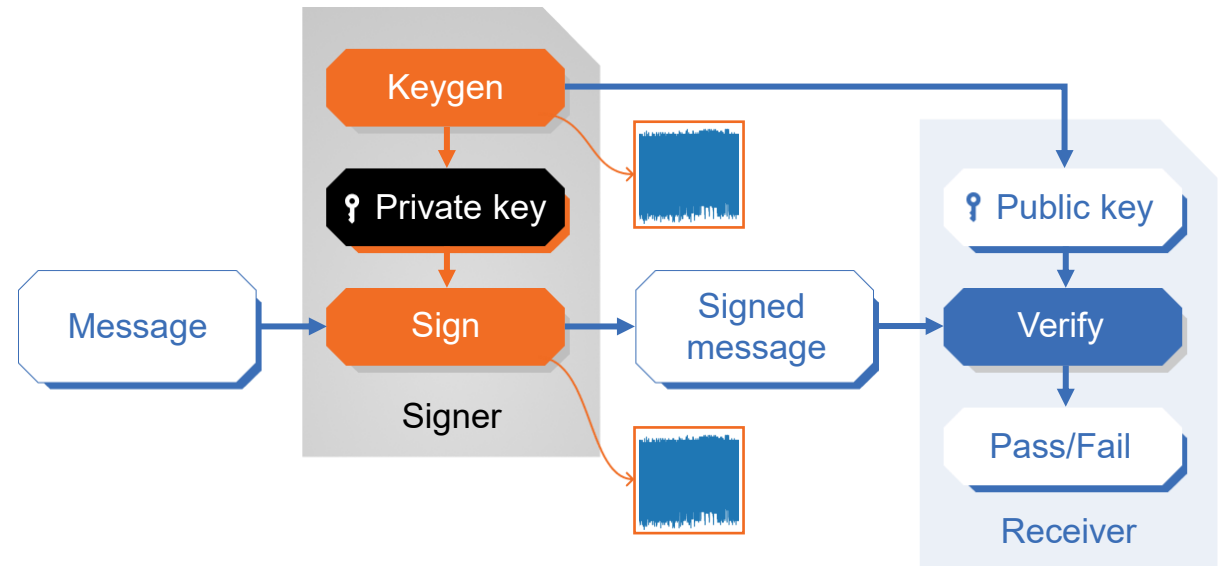


Digital Signing and Verification
(e.g., ML-DSA)

Real World – Grey Boxes, Side-Channel Leakages

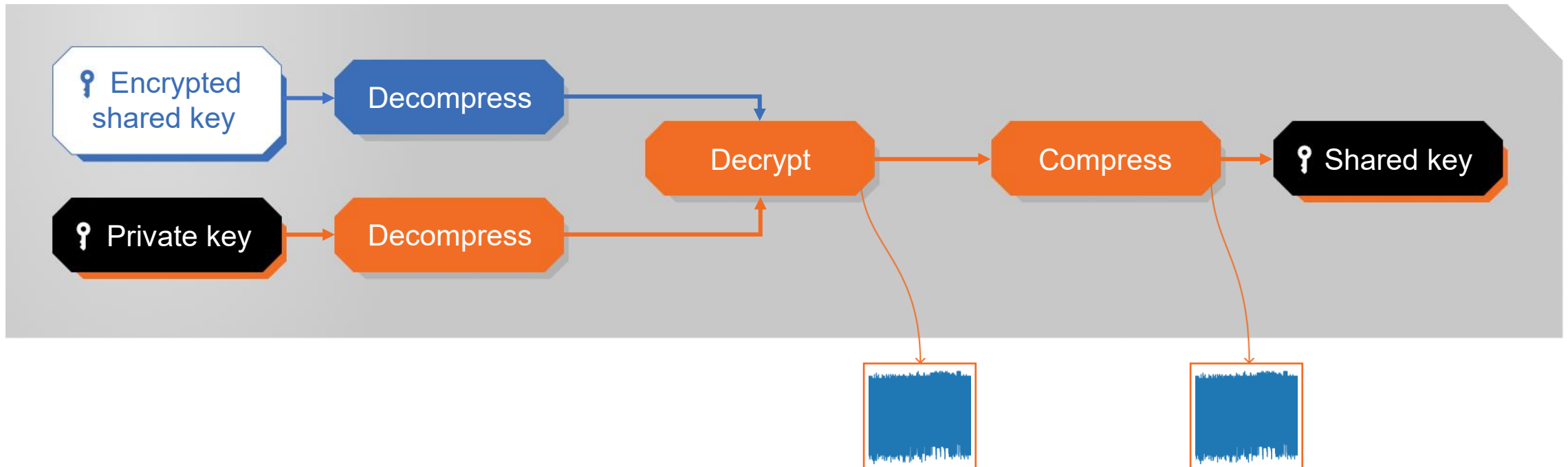


Secure Key Establishment
(e.g., ML-KEM)

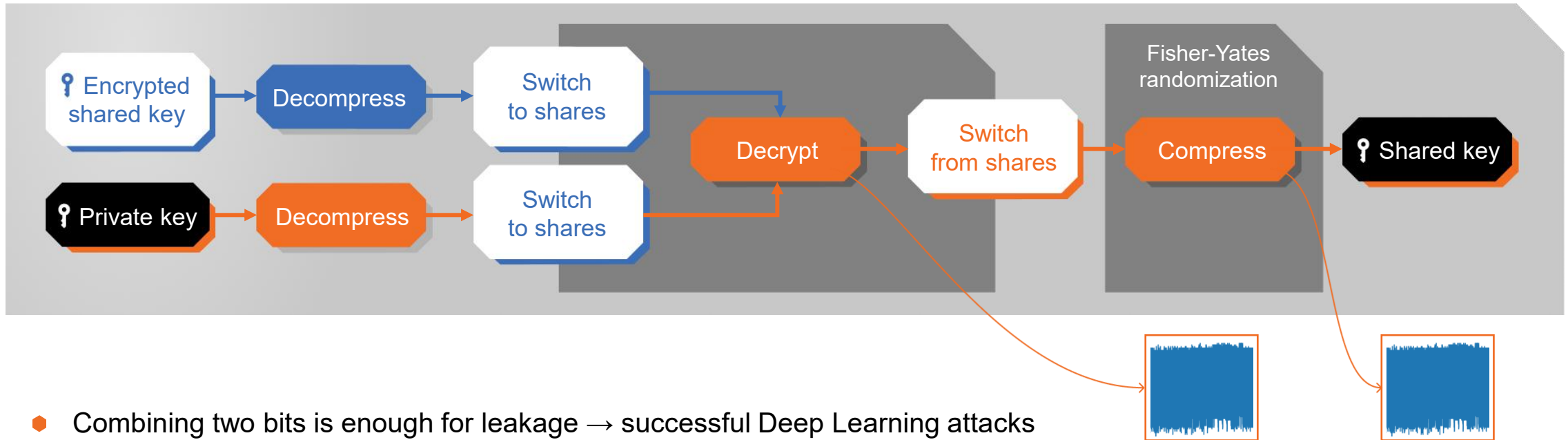


Digital Signing and Verification
(e.g., ML-DSA)

Unprotected Kyber Decapsulation



Kyber Decapsulation Protected Using Shares

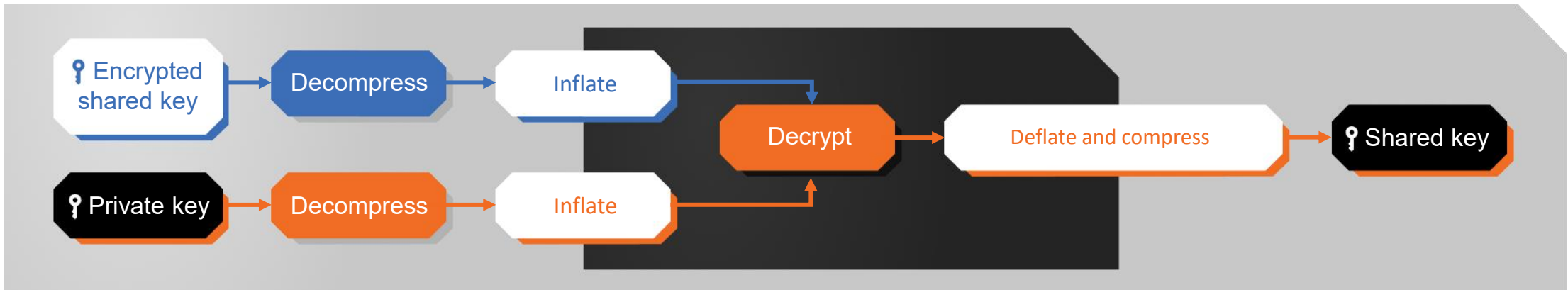


Attacks on Unprotected Implementations and Protected Implementations Using Shares

- ◆ [Side-Channel and Fault Attacks on ML-KEM and ML-DSA](#) – an introduction into ML-KEM and ML-PQC, countermeasures, and 6 side-channel attacks, 2 of them on protected implementations
- ◆ [A Chosen-Ciphertext Side-Channel Attack on Shuffled CRYSTALS-Kyber](#) – an attack on protected (shuffled) ML-KEM
- ◆ [Secret Key Recovery Attacks on Masked and Shuffled Implementations of CRYSTALS-Kyber and Saber](#) – an attack on protected (masked and shuffled) ML-KEM
- ◆ ... and many others

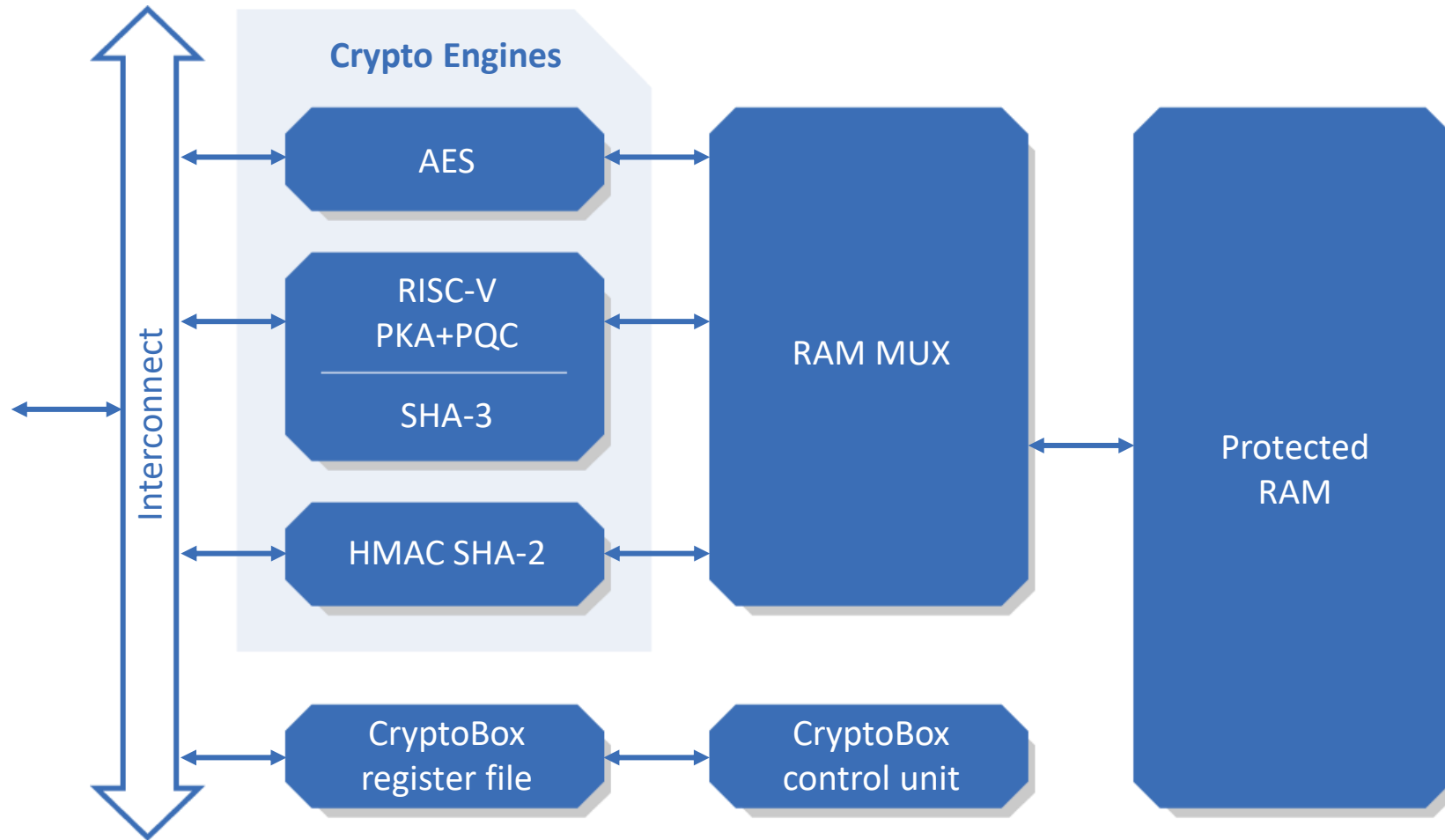
FortifyIQ – Kyber Decapsulation Protected Using “Inflation” (patent pending)

You do not need to choose between secure, fast and compact anymore!



- Any pair or triplet of bits contains only a negligible information
- Decompression and inflation are merged where necessary, and so are deflation and compression
- Excellent PPA:
 - In HW: Tradeoff between matching or exceeding the performance of a naïve implementation and minimizing the area
 - In SW (compared to a naïve implementation):
 - Significantly smaller data RAM size
 - The same code size
 - Performance on par

FortifyIQ's CryptoBox



Eliminate DPA&FIA Vulnerabilities



IP Cores

FortiCrypt

AES XP

Ultra High Bandwidth
IP Core

AES SX

Balanced IP Core

AES ULP

Ultra Low
Power IP Core

AES UC

Ultra Compact
IP Core

FortiMac

HMAC SHA2-XP

High-Performance IP Core

HMAC SHA2

IP Core

FortiPKA

FortiPKA

Public Key Accelerator

FortiPKEx

Public-Private
Keys Exchanger

FortiPKA+PQC*

Hybrid PKA and
PQC Accelerator

FortiPQC

ML-KEM (Kyber)*

ML-DSA (Dilithium)*

Cryptographic Toolboxes



FortiCryptoBox

Orchestrated by RISC-V



FortiCryptoBOX-UC

Ultra Compact Package of PKA,
AES, and HMAC Accelerators

FortiCryptoBOX-XP

Ultra High-Performance Package of
PKA, AES and HMAC Accelerators

FortiCrypt

FortiMac

FortiPKA

FortiPQC

FortiCryptoBOX-PQC

Ultra Compact Package of
PKA+PQC, AES, and HMAC
Accelerators

Roots of Trust



FortiTrust

Forti-IoT

Ultra Compact RoT

Forti-AI*

Ultra High-Performance
Package of PKA, AI RoT

Forti-Chiplet*

Chiplet RoT

Forti-Cloud*

Cloud RoT

Forti-General

Configurable
General Purpose RoT

FortiCryptoBox

FortiCrypt

FortiMac

FortiPKA

FortiPQC

FortiCryptoLibraries

- FortiAES
- FortiMac
- FortiECC/RSA
- FortiML-KEM
- FortiML-DSA

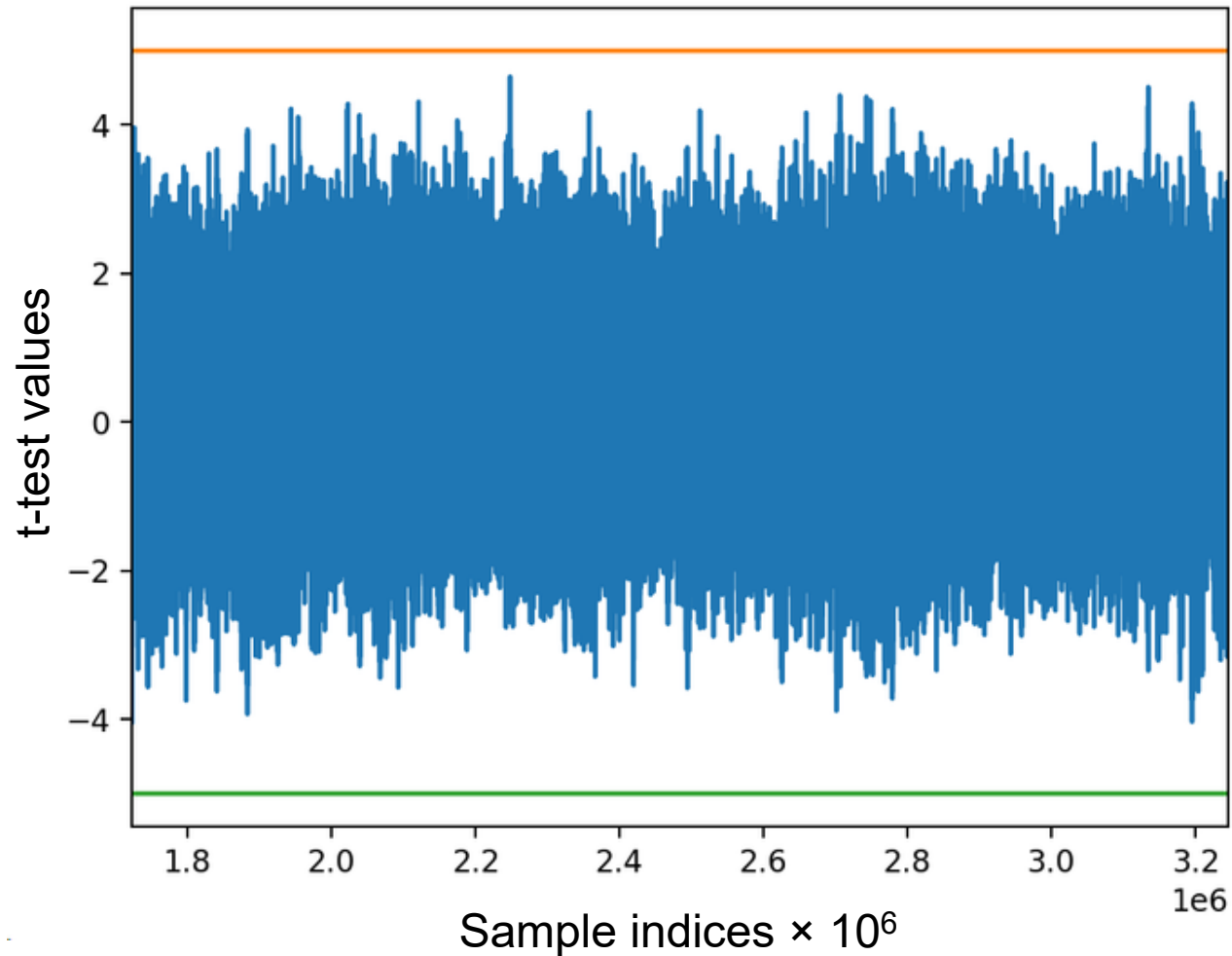
FortiEDA Pre-Silicon Security Verification



*fully customized solution



TVLA Assessment of FortiPQC Library Kyber (ML-KEM) Using FortiEDA





Thank you!

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